## In the Claims:

## 1. (Currently Amended) A compound of the formula (I)

in which

A is an aromatic heteromonocyclic, or an aromatic or partially aromatic heterobicyclic ring,

where the heterocycles are 5- or 6-membered rings and comprise up to 4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, and up to 2 oxo groups, where not more than one of the heteroatoms is an oxygen atom,

and A may be substituted by radicals R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> and/or R<sup>13</sup>,

where

R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> at each occurrence are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, O-phenyl, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, O-phenyl, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, or

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are connected to give -CH=CH-CH=CH-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-,

 $R^5$  is a radical (W)-(X)-(Y)-Z, where

W is selected from the group consisting of  $C_4$ - $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_4$ -alkylen),  $C_4$ - $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_4$ -alkyle

X is selected from the group consisting of CO, CO-O, SO<sub>2</sub>,  $NR^{54}$ ,  $NR^{54}$ -CO,  $NR^{54}$ -SO<sub>2</sub>, CO-NR<sup>58</sup> and a bond,

Y is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylen, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenylen, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynylen, or a bond,

Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, E, O-R<sup>52</sup>, NR<sup>51</sup>R<sup>52</sup>, S-R<sup>52</sup>, where

E is an unsaturated, saturated or partially unsaturated mono-, bi- or tricyclic ring having a maximum of 14 carbon atoms and 0 to 5 nitrogen atoms, 0 to 2 oxygen atoms and/or 0 to 2 sulfur atoms, said ring may comprise up to two oxo groups, and may be substituted by radicals  $R^{55}$ ,  $R^{56}$ ,  $R^{57}$ , and/or up to three radicals  $R^{53}$ ,

 $R^{51}$  at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl, phenyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-phenyl, where the phenyl ring may be substituted by up to two radicals  $R^{53}$ ,

 $R^{52}$  at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl, E and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-E,

R<sup>53</sup> at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

 $R^{54}$  at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl, phenyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-phenyl, where the phenyl ring may be substituted by up to two radicals  $R^{59}$ ,

 $R^{55}$  at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl, phenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-phenyl, where the ring may be substituted by up to two radicals  $R^{60}$ , and OH, O- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, O-phenyl, O- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-phenyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH( $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl) and N( $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>56</sup> is a group Q<sup>1</sup>-Q<sup>2</sup>-Q<sup>3</sup>, where

Q1 is selected from the group consisting of a bond, C1-C4-alkylen, C2-C4-alkenylen, C2-C4-

alkynylen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl), N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl), C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-NH, NH, N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen, NH-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen, O, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-O, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen, CO-NH, CO-N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl), NH-CO, N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-CO, CO, SO<sub>2</sub>, SO, S, O, SO<sub>2</sub>-NH, SO<sub>2</sub>-N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl), NH-SO<sub>2</sub>, N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-SO<sub>2</sub>, O-CO-NH, O-CO-N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl), NH-CO-O, N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-CO-O, N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl), NH-CO-N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl), NH-CO-NH, and NH-CO-NH,

 $Q^2$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkenylen,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkynylen, and a bond,

 $Q^3$  is a hydrogen or an unsaturated, saturated or partially unsaturated mono-, bi- or tricyclic ring having a maximum of 14 carbon atoms and 0 to 5 nitrogen atoms, 0 to 2 oxygen atoms and/or 0 to 2 sulfur atoms, which may comprise up to two oxo groups and may be substituted by the radicals  $R^{63}$ ,  $R^{64}$  and/or  $R^{65}$ ,

R<sup>57</sup> at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, COOH, CO-O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CO-NH-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, CO-N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CO-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, CH<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl and CH<sub>2</sub>-N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

 $R^{58}$  at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl, phenyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-phenyl, where the phenyl ring may be substituted by up to two radicals  $R^{62}$ ,

R<sup>59</sup>, R<sup>60</sup> and R<sup>62</sup> at each occurrence are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>63</sup>, R<sup>64</sup> and R<sup>65</sup> at each occurrence are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, O-phenyl, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

provided that if W is a bond, then X is NR<sup>54</sup>, NR<sup>54</sup>-CO or NR<sup>54</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>, or if W is a bond, then X and Y are a bond and Z is NR<sup>51</sup>R<sup>52</sup>,

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine,

bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, O-phenyl, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

and their tautomeric forms, enantiomeric and diastereomeric forms, and prodrugs thereof.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein A is <u>an</u> selected from the group consisting of aromatic heteromonocyclic <del>and aromatic heterobicyclic</del> systems comprising 1 or 2 heteroatoms, where one of the 2 heteroatoms is nitrogen.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein A is selected from the group consisting of benzothiazole, pyrimidine, pyridine, pyridazine, pyrazine, isoquinoline, quinoline, thiazole, benzothiazole, imidazole, benzothiophene, thiophene, thiophe
- 4. (Cancelled).
- 5. (Cancelled).
- 6. (Currently Amended) A compound of the formula (III),

in which

D is an aromatic heteromonocyclic, or an aromatic or partially aromatic heterobicyclic ring,

where the heterocycles are 5- or 6-membered rings and comprise up to 4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, and up to 2 oxo groups,

and D may be substituted by radicals R21, R22 and/or R23,

G is an aromatic heteromonocyclic, aromatic or partially aromatic heterobicyclic ring,

where the heterocycles are 5- or 6-membered rings and comprise up to 4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, and up to 2 oxo groups and

G may be substituted by radicals R71, R72 and/or R73,

R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup>, R<sup>23</sup>, R<sup>71</sup>, R<sup>72</sup> and R<sup>73</sup> at each occurrence are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, O-phenyl, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, morpholin-4-yl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, piperidin-1-yl, 4-piperazin-1-yl, 4-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-piperazin-1-yl,

R³ and R⁴ at each occurrence are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF₃, OCF₃, NO₂, OH, O-C₁-C₄-alkyl, O-phenyl, O-C₁-C₄-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, NH₂, NH(C₁-C₄-alkyl) and N(C₁-C₄-alkyl)₂, or

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are connected to give -CH=CH-CH=CH-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-,

R5 is a radical (W)-(X)-(Y)-Z, where

W is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_4$ -alkylen), NR<sup>54</sup>, NR<sup>54</sup>, NR<sup>54</sup>-( $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen) and a bond,

X is selected from the group consisting of CO, CO-O, SO<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>54</sup>, NR<sup>54</sup>-CO, NR<sup>54</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>, CO-NR<sup>58</sup> and a bond,

Y is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylen, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenylen, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynylen, or a bond,

Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, E, O-R<sup>52</sup>, NR<sup>51</sup>R<sup>52</sup>, S-R<sup>52</sup>, where

E is an unsaturated, saturated or partially unsaturated mono-, bi- or tricyclic ring having a maximum of 14 carbon atoms and 0 to 5 nitrogen atoms, 0 to 2 oxygen atoms and/or 0 to 2 sulfur atoms, which may comprise up to two oxo groups, and E may be substituted by radicals R<sup>55</sup>, R<sup>56</sup>, R<sup>57</sup> and/or up to three radicals R<sup>53</sup>,

 $R^{51}$  at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl, phenyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-phenyl, where the phenyl ring may be substituted by up to two radicals  $R^{53}$ ,

R<sup>52</sup> at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, E and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-E,

R<sup>53</sup> at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

 $R^{54}$  at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl, phenyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-phenyl, where the phenyl ring may be substituted by up to two radicals  $R^{59}$ ,

 $R^{55}$  at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl, phenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-phenyl, where the ring may be substituted by up to two radicals  $R^{60}$ , and OH, O- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, O-phenyl, O- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-phenyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH( $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl) and N( $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>56</sup> is a group Q¹-Q²-Q³, where

Q¹ is selected from the group consisting of a bond,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkenylen,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkylen- $C_4$ -alkylen- $C_4$ -alkylen- $C_4$ -alkylen- $C_4$ -alkylen- $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_4$ -alkylen

 $Q^2$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ -alkynylen, and a bond,

 $Q^3$  is a hydrogen or an unsaturated, saturated or partially unsaturated mono-, bi- or tricyclic ring having a maximum of 14 carbon atoms and 0 to 5 nitrogen atoms, 0 to 2 oxygen atoms and/or 0 to 2 sulfur atoms, which may comprise up to two oxo groups and may be substituted by the radicals  $R^{63}$ ,  $R^{64}$  and/or  $R^{65}$ ,

R<sup>57</sup> at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, COOH, CO-O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CO-NH-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, CO-N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CO-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, CH<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl and CH<sub>2</sub>-

 $N(C_1-C_4-alkyl)_2$ ,

 $R^{58}$  at each occurrence is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl, phenyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylen-phenyl, where the phenyl ring may be substituted by up to two radicals  $R^{62}$ ,

R<sup>59</sup>, R<sup>60</sup> and R<sup>62</sup> at each occurrence are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>63</sup>, R<sup>64</sup> and R<sup>65</sup> at each occurrence are selected independently of one another from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, O-phenyl, O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylen-phenyl, phenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl) and N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,

provided that if W is a bond, then X is NR<sup>54</sup>, NR<sup>54</sup>-CO or NR<sup>54</sup>-SO<sub>2</sub>, or if W is a bond, then X and Y are a bond and Z is NR<sup>51</sup>R<sup>52</sup>,

and their tautomeric forms, enantiomeric and diastereomeric forms, and prodrugs thereof.

- 7. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 6, wherein D is selected from the group consisting of an aromatic heteromonocyclic and aromatic heterobicyclic systems comprising 1 or 2 heteroatoms, where one of the 2 heteroatoms is nitrogen.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 6, wherein D is selected from the group consisting of benzothiazole, pyrimidine, pyridine, pyridazine, pyrazine, isoquinoline, quinoline, thiazole, benzothiazole, imidazole, benzothiophene, thiophene, benzoturan and furan.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 6 wherein G is selected from the group consisting of thiophene, furan, pyrrole, pyrazole, isoxazole, pyridine, pyrimidine, quinoline, isoquinoline, tetrahydroisoquinoline, benzothiophene, benzofuran, indole, imidazole, thiazole, imidazothiazole, benzooxazine and quinoxaline.
- 10. (Previously Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound as claimed in claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 11. (Cancelled)

	12.	(Cancelled)
	13.	(Cancelled)
	14.	(Cancelled)
	15.	(Cancelled)
	16.	(Cancelled)
	17.	(Cancelled)
	18.	(Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound as claimed in
claim 6 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.		
	10.00	
	-1931 (	Cancelled)